



Did you know?

Study*ladder*

Many birds use their beak like a lever, to crack open hard seeds. They often use their feet to grasp food, making it easier to eat.

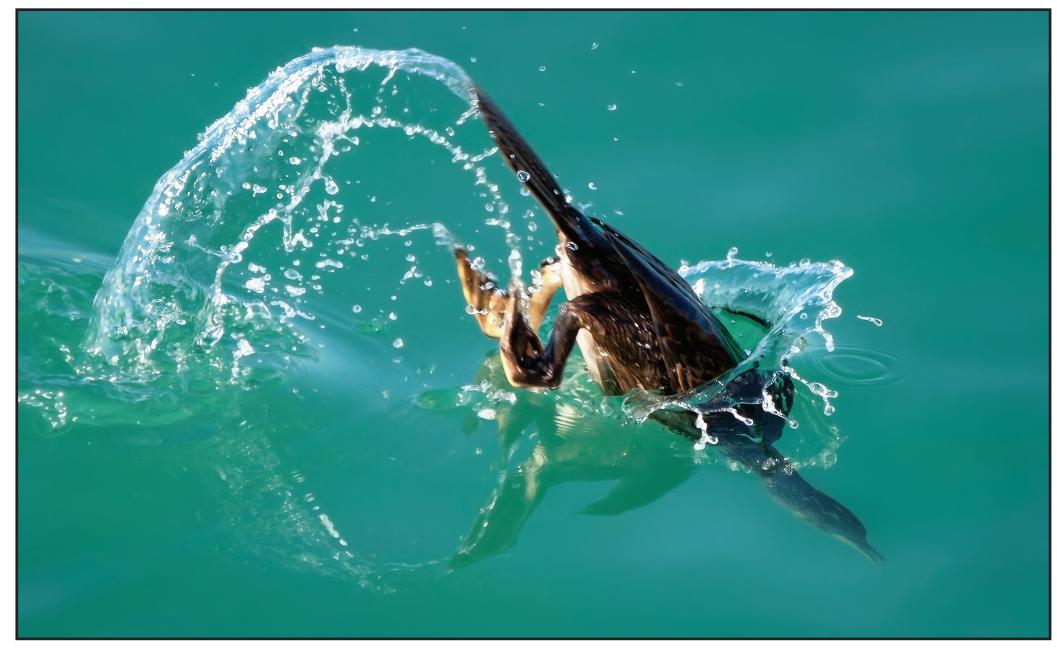


Did you know?Studyladder
Some birds scoop water into their beak then raise their head to let the water run down their throat.



Did you know? Studyladder

Many seabirds are able to drink seawater. They have salt glands that help them get rid of excess salt. Birds such as the albatross spend most of their life out at sea, only coming to land to breed.



Did you know?

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Birds preen themselves with an oil that is secreted by uropygial glands near their tail. Many water birds do this as a way of waterproofing their feathers.



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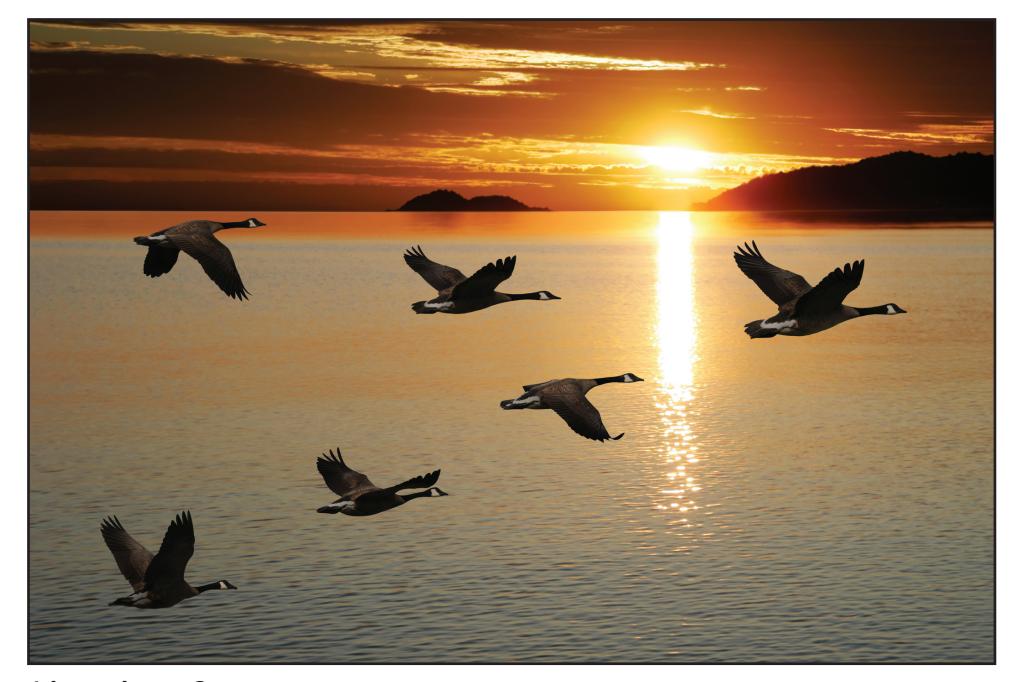
A hummingbird flaps its wings so fast that it appears to hover in the air while it collects nectar to eat from flowers. It can flap its wings between 50 and 200 times per second! Studyladder



Did you know?

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Sometimes birds hold their wings out to the sunlight to help get rid of lice, mites and fungus.



Did you know?Many birds migrate during winter months, flying great distances to places where food is more plentiful.



Did you know? Studyladder

The male peacock puts on a great show of his colourful feathers so he can attract a mate. The female (peahen) has a short tail and is quite plain by comparison.

Did you know?

The male bowerbird builds an elaborate cave-like nest called a 'bower' and collects items such as rocks, shells, pegs, bottle tops and other small items so he can attract a mate.

The satin bowerbird from Australia is known for collecting items that are blue.







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Did you know? Studyladder

Birds are social. They communicate with each other through calls, and screeches. Some can copy sounds. The Australian lyrebird has been known to mimic sounds in its environment - even the clicking sound of a camera!